



Pillar 3 – Environmental Quality

3.1 The marine environment

- a) threat to coastal and marine biodiversity
- b) pollution of the sea

3.2 Transnational terrestrial habitats and biodiversity









Overall Objective

- to address the issue of **environmental quality**, with respect to marine, coastal and terrestrial ecosystems in the Region.
- environmental quality is essential for underpinning human activities in the Region and for ensuring economic and social well-being for its peoples.
- Pillar 3 deals with the environmental issues that can only be adequately tackled through cooperation at macro-regional level and scale.









Specific Objectives

- ensure a good environmental & ecological status of marine & coastal environment by 2020 in line with EU acquis and the ecosystem approach of Barcelona Convention.
- contribute to the goal of EU Biodiversity Strategy to halt the loss of biodiversity and the degradation of ecosystem services by 2020, and restore them in so far as feasible, by addressing threats to marine and terrestrial biodiversity.
- improve waste management by reducing the flows to the rivers and sea of waste, nutrient and other pollutants.







3.1. The marine environment

a) Threat to coastal and marine biodiversity

Indicative actions

- Increasing marine knowledge
- Enhancing the **network** of Marine Protected Areas
- Exchanging best practices among MPAs
- Implementing Maritime Spatial Planning and Integrated Coastal Management









3.1. The marine environment

b) Pollution of the sea

Indicative actions

- Implementing a life cycle approach to marine litter
- Supporting **clean-up** programmes
- Drafting & implementation of a joint contingency plan
- Identifying hotspots
- Prioritise **investments** to reflect the contribution to reducing pollution of the sea
- Address diffuse sources









3.2. Transnational terrestrial habitats and biodiversity

Indicative actions

- Development of joint management plans for cross-border habitats & ecosystems
- Joint population level management plans for large carnivores and awareness-raising activities
- Harmonisation and enforcement of national laws
- Protection and restoration of coastal wetland areas and karst fields
- Awareness-raising activities on implementation and financial aspects of environmentally-friendly farming practices







Italian Regions priorities for Pillar 3



- Establishing of networks for protected species monitoring and care (turtles, cetaceans, etc), testing of sustainable fishery models.
- Launching of Adriatic-Ionian Observatory aimed at maintaining the good environmental and ecological status by integration & mainstreaming of existent monitoring tools and systems
- Strategic project to promote the integration of ICZM & MSP together
 as a single coherent governance tool towards sustainability
- Macroproject at Adriatic-Ionian scale focused on coastal defense, climate change adaptation (erosion, flooding, etc) and on risk management (hydraulic, hydro-geologic, erosion) to develop joint Early Warning Systems and prevention plans
- Project for a rational use of water resources in response to scarcity & droughts (best practices for agricolture, industry, housing, etc.)
- Establishment of the Protected Areas network (marine, coastal, inland, mountain, country) to set up and protect green corridors





A strategic project for the macroregion



Emilia-Romagna is elaborating a <u>strategic project</u> to ensure the sustainable growth of Adriatic-Ionian coastal communities in response to climate change effects, human development and environmental quality protection issues.

- gather & capitalize experiences, best practices, tools and build on existing successful partnerships/initiatives (e.g. Bologna Charter)
- improve coastal defense & resilience by managing maritime and coastal environment as a whole and by preventing risks (erosion, flooding, etc.) through joint tools and plans
- support the practical implementation & mainstreaming of the 3 fundamental Directives for sea and coasts (WFD, MSFD, MSP) and the testing of cross-border Environmental Strategic Assessment
- reach joint management plans for marine Natura2000 sites and test the establishment of cross-border Ecological Protection Zones
- strengthen institutional capacities to preserve and manage natural resources by applying ICZM and MSP approaches
- promote **research** & **innovation** to share **knowledge** & manage data









Thank you for your attention!

Environmental Quality **EUSAIR**

